

Investigating Group Behavior in Dance: An Evolutionary Dynamics Approach

Hasan Kayhan Ozcimder, July 2016



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Social Decision Making in Animal & Human Groups

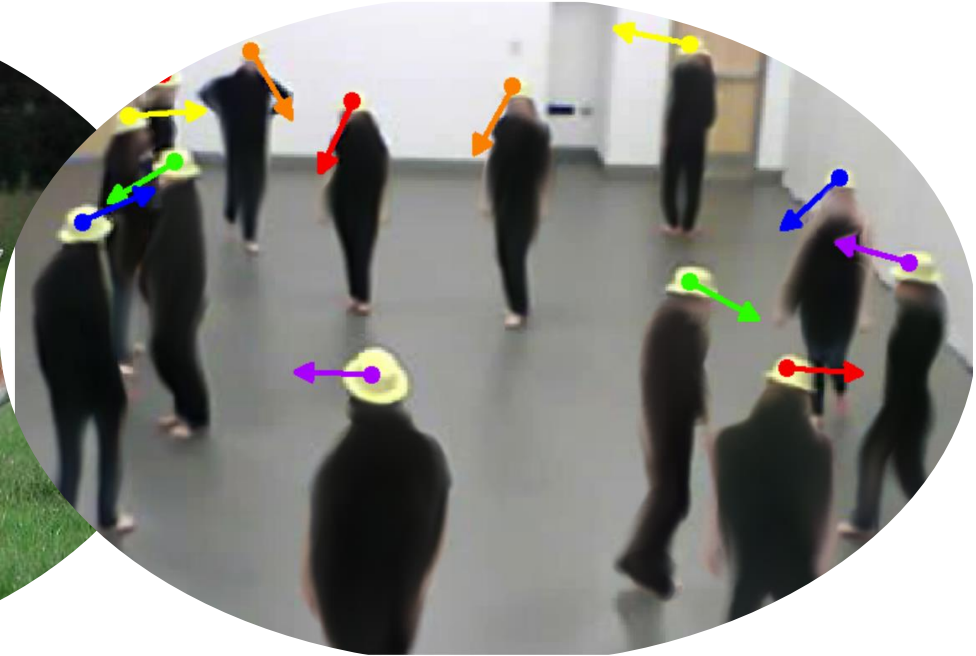
Nest Site Selection



Foraging Behavior



Flock Logic



Decision making as an Individual or Group

Motivation

Jun Ueda*

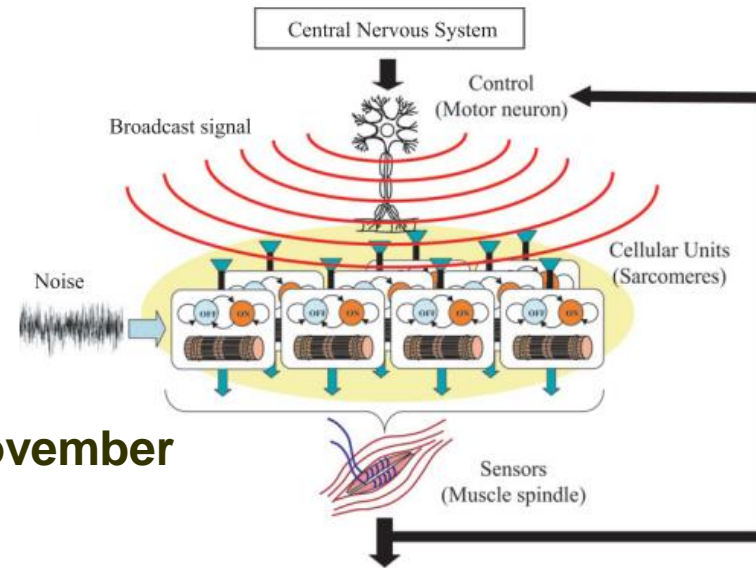
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Broadcast Feedback of Stochastic Cellular Actuators Inspired by Biological Muscle Control

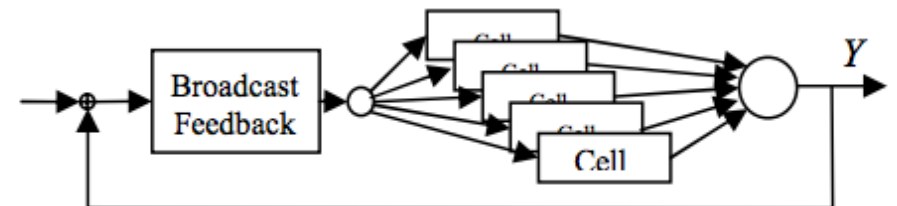


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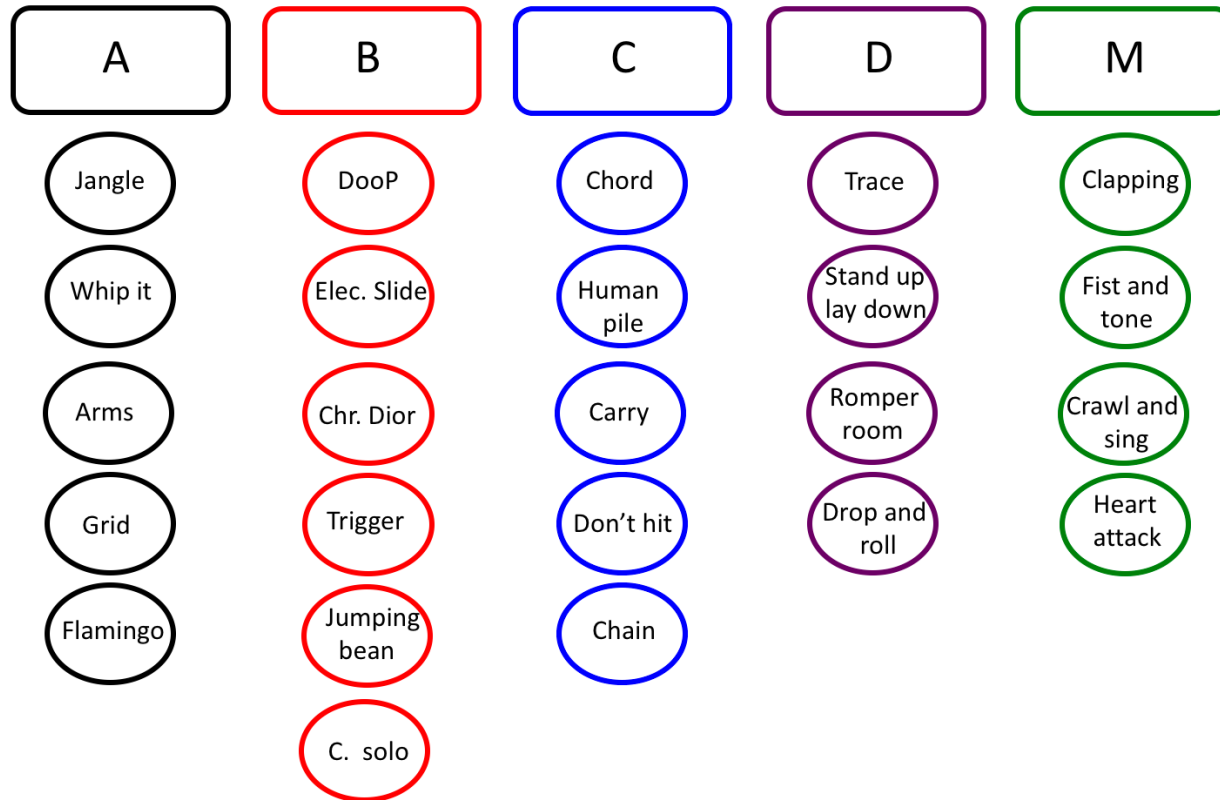
2008 American Control Conference
Westin Seattle Hotel, Seattle, Washington, USA
June 11-13, 2008

Broadcast Feedback Control of Cell Populations Using Stochastic Lyapunov Functions with Application to Angiogenesis Regulation

Levi B. Wood, Anusuya Das, and H. Harry Asada, *Fellow, ASME*



A Group Dance Performance: *There Might be Others*

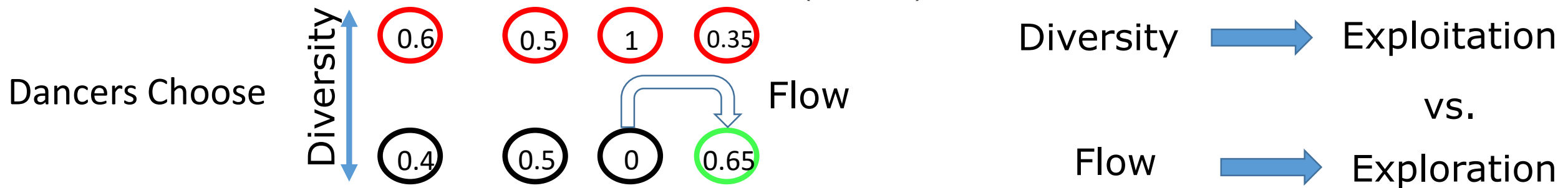
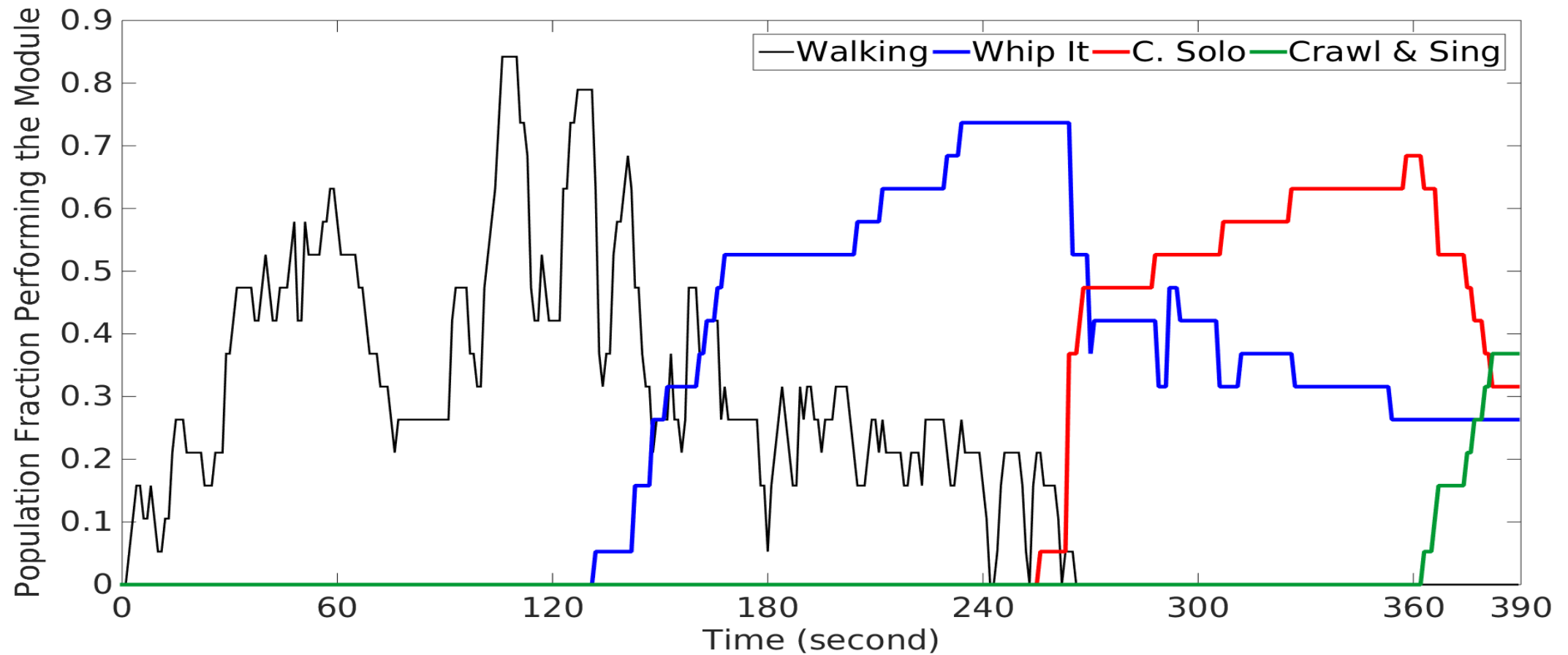


- ☐ Dancers choose the order of the modules.
- ☐ Maximum 2/3 modules are allowed simultaneously on stage.
- ☐ No leadership assignment (any dancer can introduce a new module).

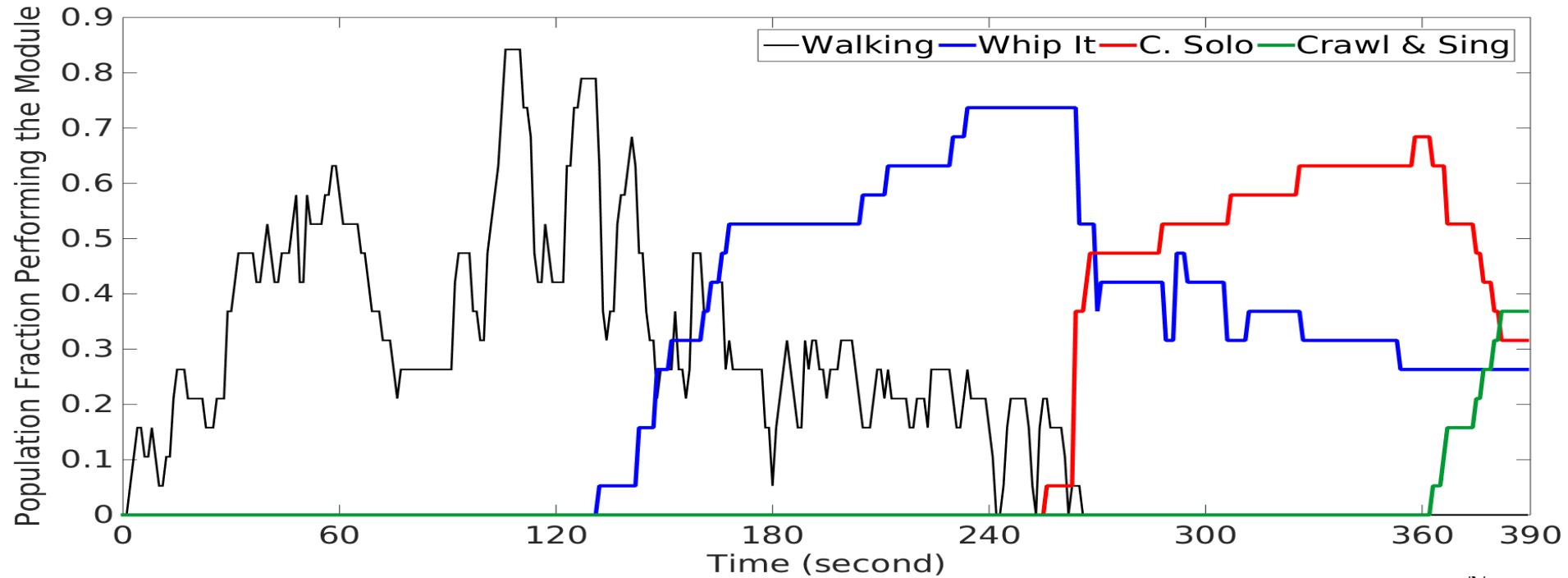
A Group Dance Performance: *There Might be Others*



There Might be Others



Evolutionary Dynamics to Study Group Behavior



Replicator Mutator Model: $\dot{x}_i = \sum_{j=1}^N x_j f_j q_{ji} - \phi x_i$

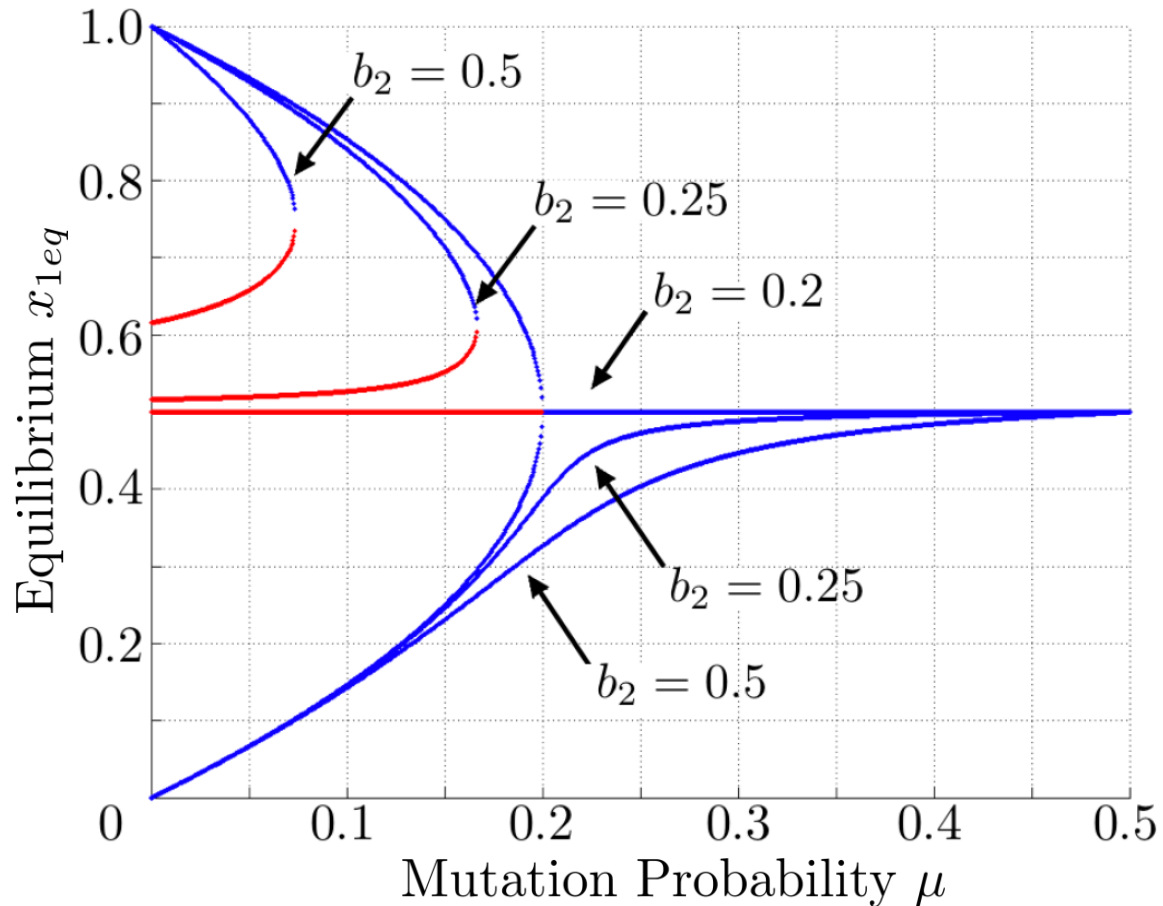
Fitness : $f_i = \sum_{j=1}^N b_{ji} x_j$

Average Fitness : $\phi = \sum_{i=1}^N f_i x_i$

Mutation : $\begin{cases} q_{ij} = \frac{\mu b_{ij}}{\sum_{j \neq i} b_{ij}} \\ q_{ii} = 1 - \mu \end{cases}$

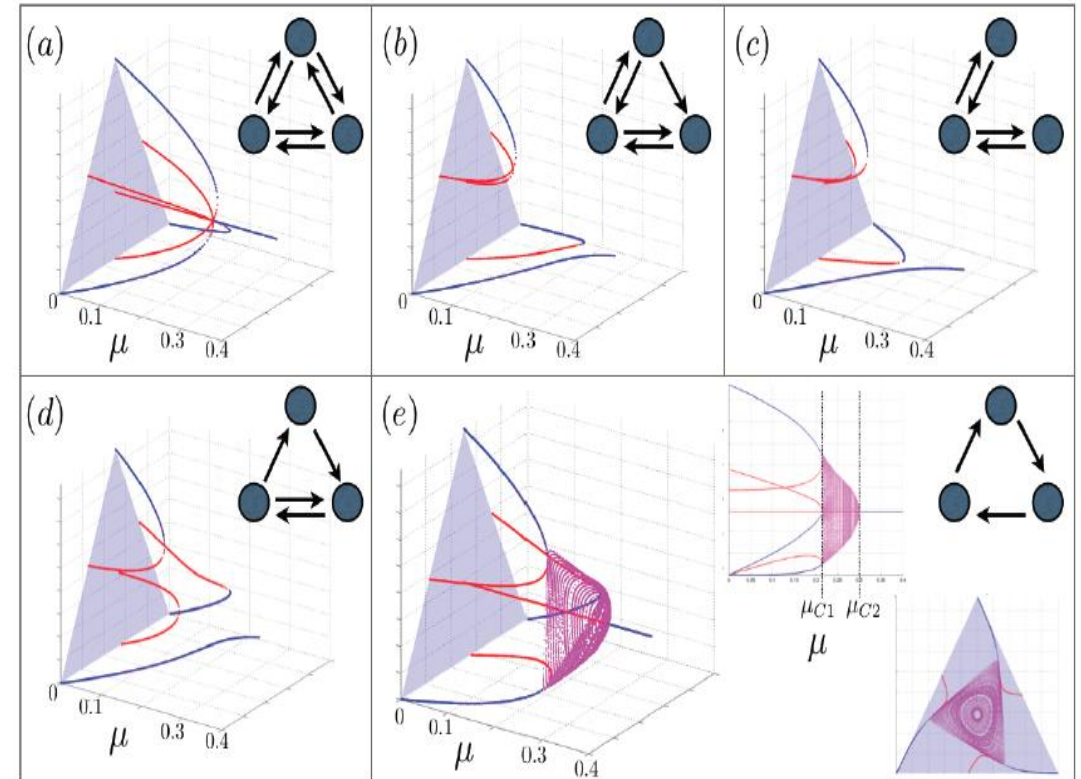
Previous Studies

Analysis for Two Strategies :



Komarova, Natalia L., and Simon A. Levin. "Eavesdropping and language dynamics." *Journal of theoretical biology* 264.1 (2010): 104-118.

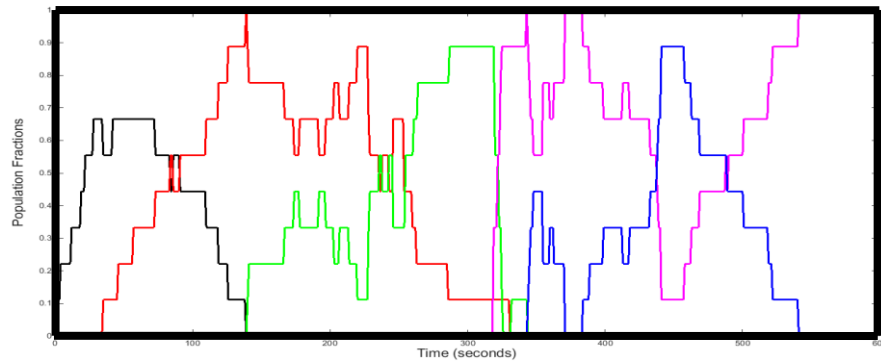
Analysis for Three Strategies :



Pais, Darren, Carlos H. Caicedo-Núñez, and Naomi E. Leonard. "Hopf bifurcations and limit cycles in evolutionary network dynamics." *SIAM Journal on Applied Dynamical Systems* 11.4 (2012): 1754-1784.

Evolutionary Dynamics to Study Group Behavior

Model modification motivated by the observations



$$\dot{x}_i = \sum_{j=1}^N x_j f_j q_{ji} - \phi x_i$$

Understanding the social decision making dynamics driven by artistic Explore-Exploit tension

Interpretation of Model for Dance Group Behavior

Perceived Dominance:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_i &= \sum_{j=1}^N x_j f_j q_{ji} - \phi x_i \\ \dot{\eta}_i &= K(S(x_i) - \alpha) \\ w_i &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\eta_i}}, \quad i \in 1, 2, \dots, N \end{aligned} \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad \begin{aligned} \dot{x}_i &= \sum_{j=1}^N x_j f_j q_{ji} - \phi x_i \\ \dot{w}_i &= K(S(x_i) - \alpha) w_i (1 - w_i) \end{aligned}$$

Perceived Dominance Threshold : $\alpha \in [0, 1]$

Awareness of Dominance for Two Strategies

Replicator Mutator Dynamics:

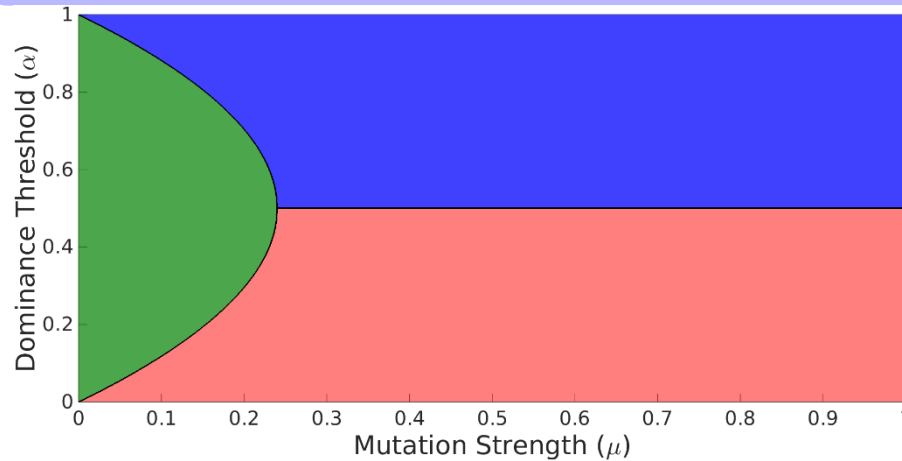
$$\dot{x}_1 = x_1(b + (1 - b)x_1)(1 - \mu - x_1) + (1 - x_1)(1 + (b - 1)x_1)(\mu - x_1)$$

Awareness of Dominance:

$$\dot{w}_i = K(x_i - \alpha)w_i(1 - w_i), \quad i = 1, 2 \quad K > 0$$

- $\mu \geq (1 - b)/4$, $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} w_i(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \alpha \in (0.5, 1] \\ 1 & \text{if } \alpha \in [0, 0.5) \end{cases}$
- $\mu < (1 - b)/4$, $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} w_i(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \alpha \in (v_u, 1] \\ 0 & \text{if } \alpha \in (v_l, v_u) \text{ and } x_i(0) < 0.5 \\ 1 & \text{if } \alpha \in (v_l, v_u) \text{ and } x_i(0) > 0.5 \\ 1 & \text{if } \alpha \in [0, v_l) \end{cases}$

where $v_u = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \mu/(1 - b)}$ and $v_l = 0.5 - \sqrt{0.25 - \mu/(1 - b)}$.

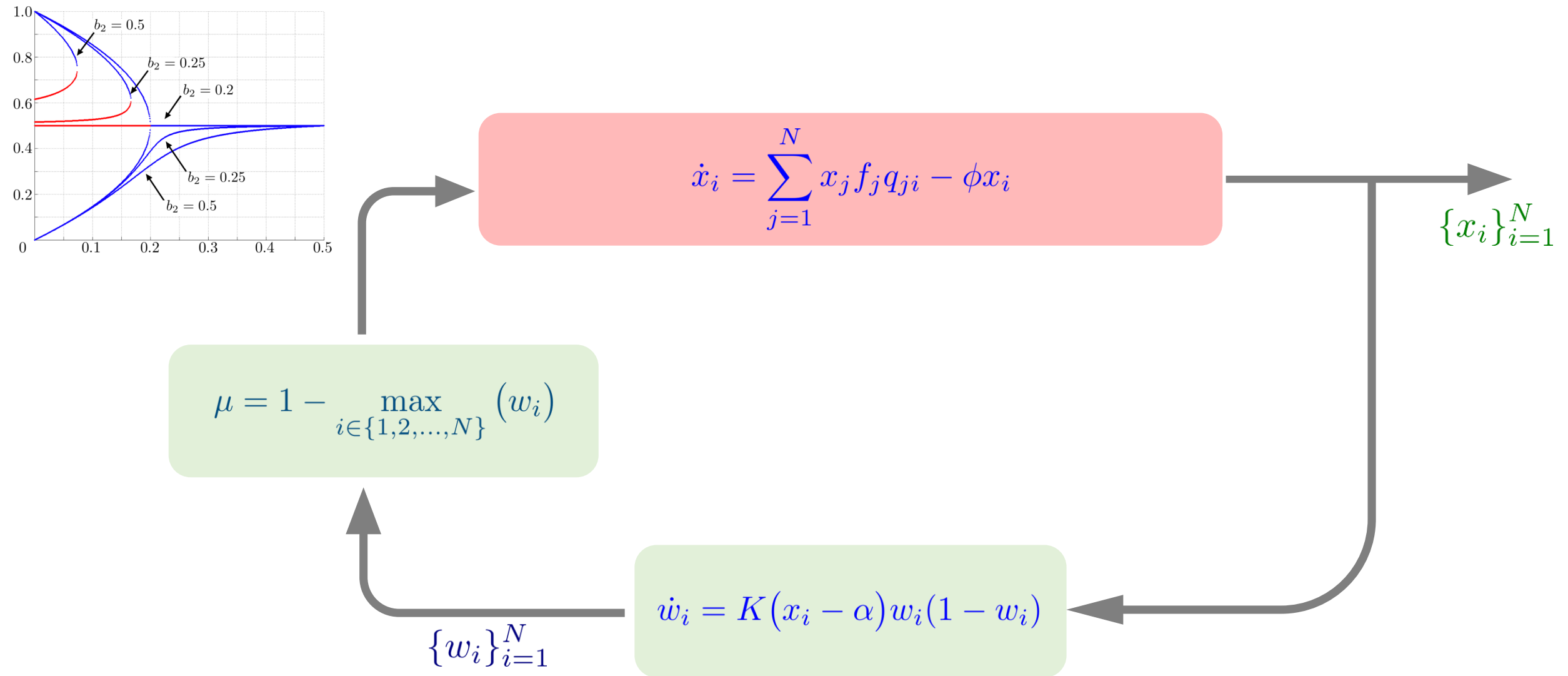


Blue: $w_i \rightarrow 0$

Red: $w_i \rightarrow 1$

Green: $w_i \rightarrow 1, w_j \rightarrow 0$, if $x_i(0) > x_j(0)$

Loop Closure-Feedback Controlled Bifurcation



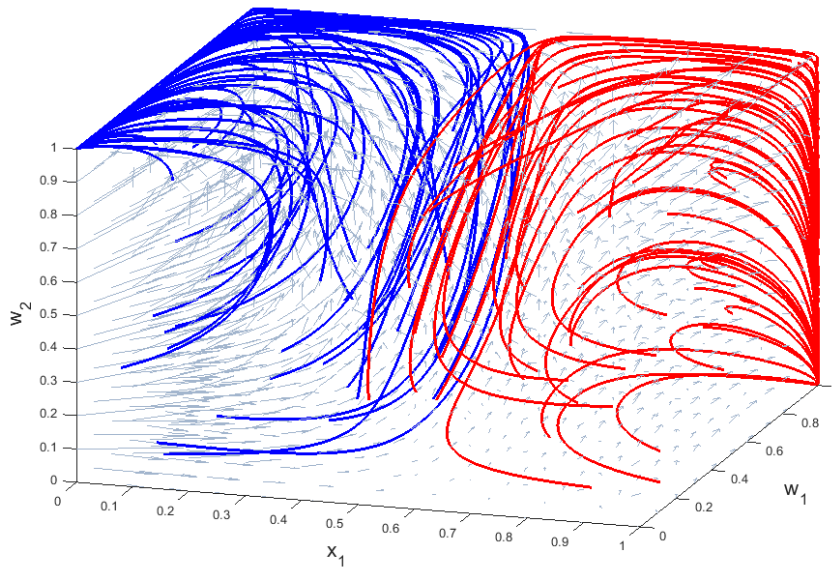
Closed Loop Behavior (Phase Portraits)

Forward Dynamics:

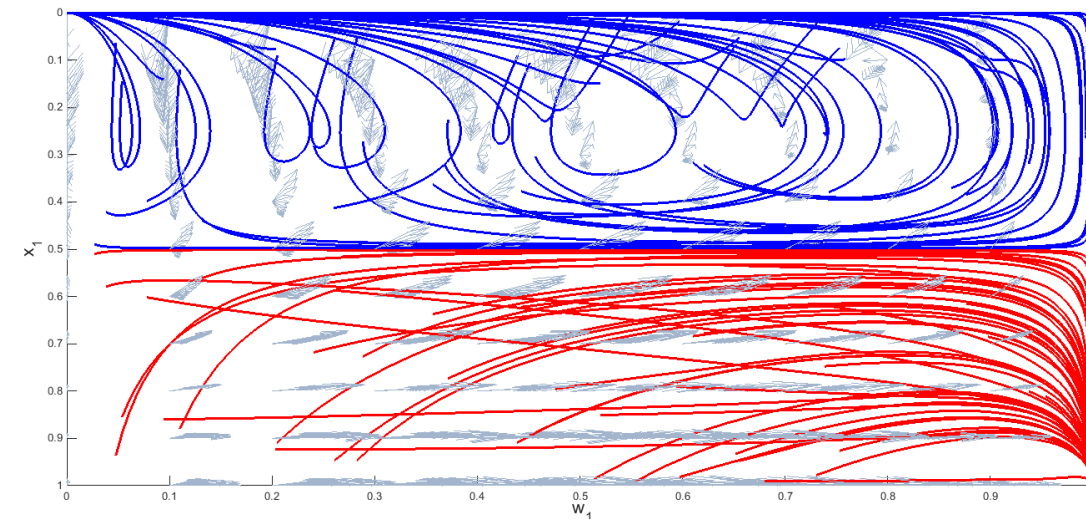
$$\dot{x}_1 = x_1(b + (1 - b)x_1)(\max(w_1, w_2) - x_1) + (1 - x_1)(1 + (b - 1)x_1)(1 - \max(w_1, w_2) - x_1)$$

Feedback Dynamics:

$$\dot{w}_i = K(x_i - \alpha)w_i(1 - w_i), \quad i = 1, 2 \quad K > 0$$



- $\alpha = 0.25$
- $b = 0.04$
- $K = 2$



Loop Closure for $K \gg 1$: Time-scale Separation

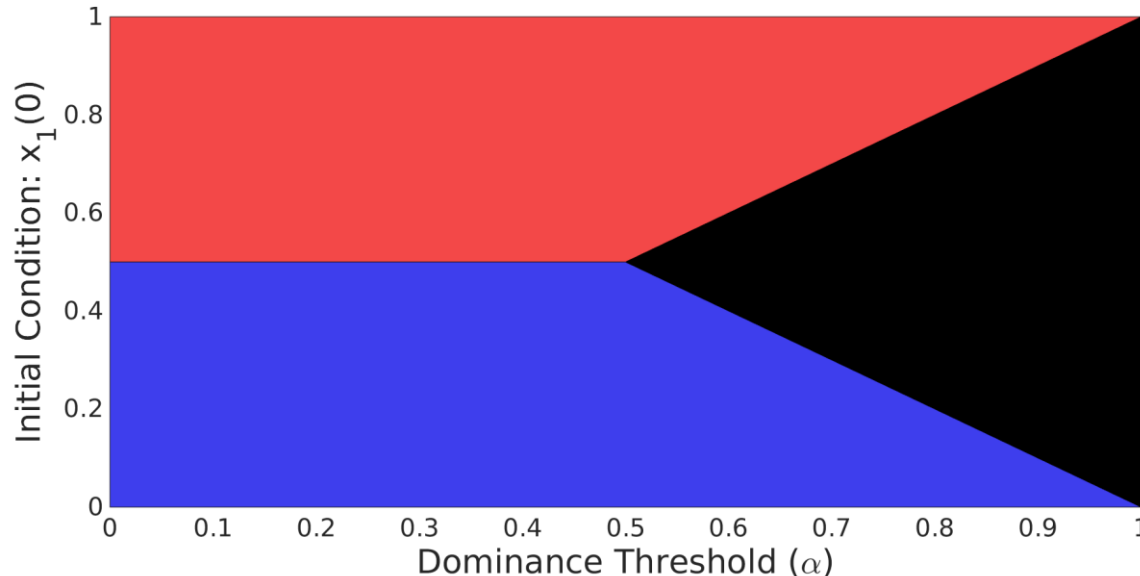
Slow Dynamics: Replicator-Mutator

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_1(b + (1-b)x_1)(\max(w_1, w_2) - x_1) + (1-x_1)(1 + (b-1)x_1)(1 - \max(w_1, w_2) - x_1)$$

Fast Dynamics: Awareness of Dominance

$$\epsilon \dot{w}_i = (x_i - \alpha)w_i(1 - w_i), \quad \epsilon \triangleq \frac{1}{K} \ll 1$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} x_1(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & x_1(0) > \max(\alpha, 0.5) \\ 0.5 & \alpha > x_1(0) > 1 - \alpha \\ 0 & x_1(0) < \min(1 - \alpha, 0.5) \end{cases}$$



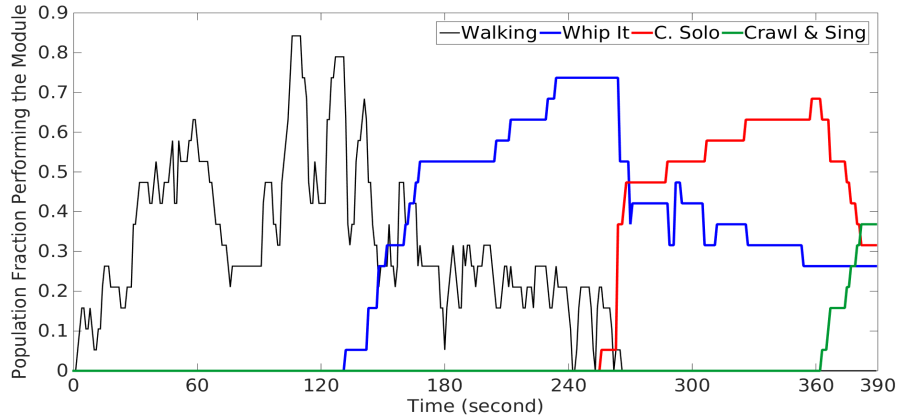
Let, $x_i(0) \geq x_j(0)$, where $i, j \in \{1, 2\}$ and $i \neq j$.
Then, $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} x_i(t) \geq \lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} x_j(t)$.

■ $x_1 \rightarrow 1, \quad x_2 \rightarrow 0$

■ $x_1 \rightarrow 0, \quad x_2 \rightarrow 1$

■ $x_1 \rightarrow 0.5, \quad x_2 \rightarrow 0.5$

Conclusion and Future Work



$$\dot{x}_i = \sum_{j=1}^N x_j f_j q_{ji} - \phi x_i$$

$$\dot{w}_i = K(S(x_i) - \alpha)w_i(1 - w_i)$$

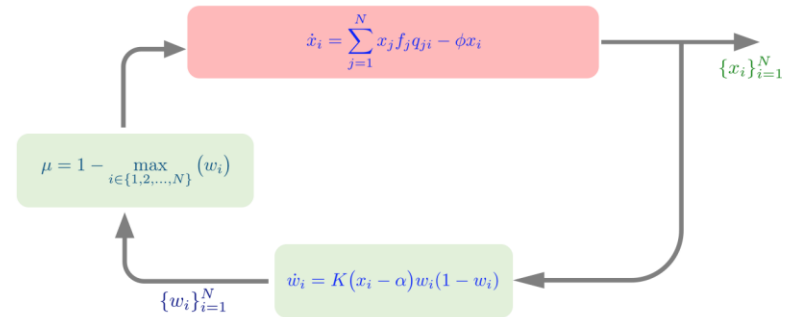
Diversity

Exploitation

vs.

Flow

Exploration



Conditions for Exploration Phase

Exploitation?

Thank You